

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A system for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of initialization code, the system comprising:
 - an initialization method activator adapted to call a class initialization method at a pre-determined execution point; and
 - a deadlock analyzer adapted to determine whether running the class initialization method will produce a deadlock.
2. The system of claim 1, where the initialization method activator is further adapted to check whether a class is initialized and, if the class is not initialized, to call the class initialization method.
3. The system of claim 2, where the deadlock analyzer is further adapted to determine whether calling the class initialization method will generate a deadlock.
4. The system of claim 3, where the pre-determined execution point is at least one of one of a caller's just in time compilation time, a callee's just in time compilation time, an initial field access time, an initial method access time, an initial static field access time and a first access of pre-compiled code where no just in time compilation occurs.
5. The system of claim 1, where the initialization method detector is further adapted to associate initialization check code with one or more components associated with a runtime environment, where the initialization check code is operable to determine whether a class has been initialized.

6. The system of claim 5, where the initialization check code is further operable to determine whether calling the class initialization method will generate a deadlock, and if a deadlock will be generated, to resolve the deadlock.
7. The system of claim 6, where the initialization check code is run at one of a caller's just in time compilation time, a callee's just in time compilation time, a first field access time, a first method access time, a first static field access time and a first access of pre-compiled code where no just in time compilation occurs.
8. The system of claim 1, where the deadlock analyzer analyzes a wait for graph.
9. The system of claim 8 where the deadlock analyzer is further adapted to resolve a deadlock associated with running the class initialization method.
10. The system of claim 9, where the deadlock analyzer adds and/or removes one or more nodes and/or arcs from the wait for graph.
11. The system of claim 8, further comprising a semantic analyzer adapted to analyze a semantic type associated with the class initialization method, where the semantic analyzer provides information concerning a desired initialization check time to the initialization method activator.
12. The system of claim 11, where the semantic type is one of "exact" and "before field initialization".
13. The system of claim 11, further comprising a domain uniqueness analyzer adapted to analyze the uniqueness of one or more domains with which the class initialization method and/or the class will interact, where the

uniqueness analyzer provides information concerning a desired initialization check time to the initialization method activator.

14. The system of claim 13, where the domain uniqueness is one of “normal” and “domain neutral”.
15. A computer readable medium containing computer executable components of a system for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of initialization code, the system comprising:
 - an initialization method activating component adapted to call the class initialization method at a pre-determined execution point; and
 - a deadlock analyzer adapted to determine whether running the class initialization method will produce a deadlock.
16. A computer readable medium containing computer executable components of a system for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of initialization code, the system comprising:
 - a semantic analyzing component adapted to determine a semantic type associated with the initialization method;
 - a domain uniqueness analyzing component adapted to determine a uniqueness type associated with one or more application domains with which the class will interact;
 - a deadlock analyzing component adapted to determine whether calling the initialization method will create a deadlock, the deadlock analyzing component further adapted to resolve a deadlock; and
 - an initialization method activating component adapted to call the initialization method at a pre-determined execution point, where the pre-determined execution point depends on, at least in part, the semantic type and the domain uniqueness.

17. A method for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of class initialization code, the method comprising:
- determining whether a class has an initializing method;
 - determining when the initializing method should be run;
 - associating initialization check code with one or more components associated with a runtime, the check code operable to determine whether a class is initialized;
 - determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock and if calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock, resolving the deadlock; and
 - calling the class initializing method.
18. The method of claim 17, where determining when the initializing method should be run comprises:
- analyzing semantic information associated with the initializing method.
19. The method of claim 18, where the semantic information comprises an identifier that identifies whether the initializing method desires “exact” or “before field initialization” behavior.
20. The method of claim 19, where determining when the initializing method should be run further comprises analyzing domain uniqueness information associated with one or more domains with which the class initialization code will interact.
21. The method of claim 20, where the domain uniqueness information comprises an identifier that identifies whether the initializing method is associated with a “normal” or a “domain neutral” environment.

22. The method of claim 17, where determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock comprises:
- attempting to acquire an initialization lock associated with the class to be initialized, and if the initialization lock cannot be acquired, identifying a holding thread that is holding the initialization lock;
 - locating a node associated with the holding thread, where the node is located in a wait for graph; and
 - analyzing the wait for graph to determine whether a deadlock exists.
23. The method of claim 22, where analyzing the wait for graph to determine whether a deadlock exists comprises traversing the wait for graph starting at the node associated with the holding thread and determining whether a cycle is detected in the wait for graph.
24. The method of claim 23, where resolving the deadlock comprises:
- acquiring a lock associated with the wait for graph;
 - if a detecting thread that identifies the deadlock previously added one or more arcs and/or nodes to the wait for graph, removing the one or more arcs and/or nodes from the wait for graph;
 - releasing the lock associated with the wait for graph; and
 - the detecting thread interacting with the class as though the class was initialized.
25. The method of claim 17, where determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock comprises:
- an acquiring thread attempting to acquire an initialization lock associated with the class to be initialized, and, if the lock can not be acquired, determining whether there is a thread waiting for the acquiring thread to complete its processing and release the initialization lock.

26. The method of claim 25, where resolving the deadlock comprises:
if it was determined that there was a thread waiting for the acquiring thread to complete its processing and release the initialization lock, then returning and interacting with the partially initialized state of the class as though the class were initialized, otherwise, blocking until the class becomes initialized.
27. A computer readable medium containing computer executable instructions operable to perform a method for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of class initialization code, the method comprising:
determining whether a class has an initializing method;
determining when the initializing method should be run;
inserting initialization check code into one or more components associated with a runtime;
determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock and if calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock, resolving the deadlock; and
calling the class initializing method.
28. A method for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of class initialization code, the method comprising:
determining whether a class has an initializing method;
determining when the initializing method should be run, where determining when the initializing method should be run comprises:
analyzing semantic information associated with the initializing method, where the semantic information comprises an identifier that identifies whether the initializing method desires “exact” or “before field initialization” behavior; and
analyzing domain uniqueness information associated with one or more domains with which the initializing method will interact, where the domain uniqueness information comprises an

identifier that identifies whether the initializing method is
 operating in a “normal” or a “domain neutral” environment;
 associating initialization check code with one or more components
 associated with a runtime;
 determining whether calling the initializing method will
 generate a deadlock;
 resolving the deadlock; and
 calling the class initializing method.

29. The method of claim 28, where determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock comprises:
 - attempting to acquire an initialization lock associated with the class to be initialized, and if the initialization lock cannot be acquired, identifying a holding thread that is holding the initialization lock;
 - locating a node associated with the holding thread, where the node is located in a wait for graph; and
 - analyzing the wait for graph to determine whether a deadlock exists, where analyzing the wait for graph to determine whether a deadlock exists comprises:
 - traversing the wait for graph starting at the node associated with the holding thread and determining whether a cycle is detected in the wait for graph.
30. The method of claim 29, where resolving the deadlock comprises:
 - acquiring a lock associated with the wait for graph;
 - if the thread that identifies the deadlock previously added one or more arcs and/or nodes to the wait for graph, removing the one or more arcs and/or nodes from the wait for graph;
 - releasing the lock associated with the wait for graph; and

in the thread that detected that it could not initialize the class because a deadlock existed with another thread that was initializing the class, interacting with the class as though it was initialized.

31. A computer readable medium containing computer executable instructions for performing a method for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of class initialization code, the method comprising:
 - determining whether a class has an initializing method;
 - determining when the initializing method should be run, where determining when the initializing method should be run comprises:
 - analyzing semantic information associated with the initializing method, where the semantic information comprises an identifier that identifies whether the initializing method desires “exact” or “before field initialization” behavior; and
 - analyzing domain uniqueness information associated with one or more environments with which the initializing method will interact, where the domain uniqueness information comprises an identifier that identifies whether the initializing method will interact with a “normal” or a “domain neutral” environment;
 - associating initialization check code with one or more components associated with a runtime;
 - determining whether calling the initializing method will generate a deadlock;
 - resolving the deadlock; and
 - calling the class initializing method.
32. A system for mitigating problems associated with automatic execution of class initialization code, the method comprising:
 - means for identifying a constructor associated with a class;
 - means for scheduling the running of the constructor;

means for invoking a constructor.

- information associated with one or more arcs associated with a wait for graph, where the arcs model one or more wait for relationships between one or more of the nodes.

- a third field adapted to hold information concerning the initialization status of a class.